

CarSense202™

Single Piece Vehicle Motion Detector



Instruction Manual

The CarSense202 is a compact, single-piece vehicle motion detector that operates by detecting changes in the earth's magnetic field that occur near the probe with a fixed detection range of 12 feet at a minimum speed of 5 mph. The CS202 will only detect a moving vehicle and will not detect a stationary vehicle. The CS202 may be used as a free exit sensor to allow gates to open and guests to exit without the use of a key fob or passcode. The CS202 may also be wired to notify a home automation system or security system that a vehicle is moving down a driveway. This vehicle motion detector is available in 50, 100, or 150 foot lead lengths.

Cautions and Warnings

The CS202 is designed to detect moving vehicles. It is not suitable for use as a vehicle presence detector such as a reversing loop for a gate or door.



The CS202 detects ferrous metals. It will not detect aluminum, but will detect any moving ferrous metallic object.

The probe must be stationary to function properly.

Specifications

Power	9-41 VDC or 6-29 VAC
Standby Current	0.250 mA
Detection Current	12 mA
Range Sensitivity	12 ft @ 5 mph min. speed
Output on Time	Approximately 1 second
Surge Protection	Probe input circuitry protected by surge suppressors
Relay Output Configuration	Form C (SPDT)
Relay Contact Rating	1 A @ 24 VDC / 1 A @ 120 VAC
Operating Temperature	-40° to 82°C (-40° to 180°F) 0 to 95% relative humidity
Probe Housing Material	PVC watertight
Probe Dimensions (L x Dia.)	24" (610 mm) x 1" (25 mm)
Probe Cable	5-wire, direct burial

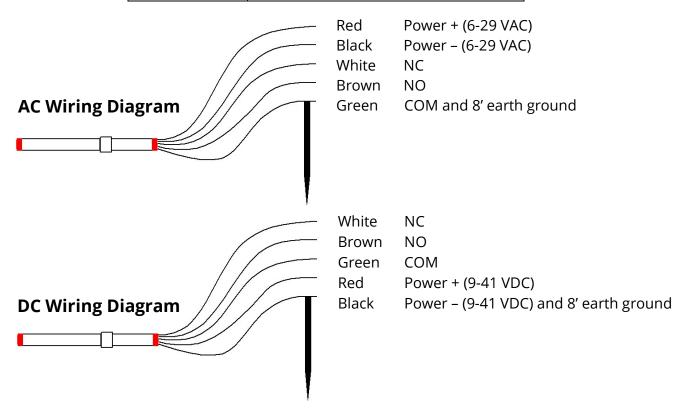
Ordering Information

CS202S-5W-50 CarSense202, 50' lead-in wire
 CS202S-5W-100 CarSense202, 100' lead-in wire

• CS202S-5W-XX CarSense202, (enter required length in ft) lead-in wire

Wiring Connections

Wire Color	Description
Red	Power + (9-41 VDC or 6-29 VAC)
Black	Power – (9-41 VDC or 6-29 VAC)
Green	Relay – COM (common contact)
White	Relay – NC (normally closed contact)
Brown	Relay – NO (normally open contact)



IMPORTANT: EARTH GROUND CONNECTION

The CS202 contains transient protection devices to guard the sensitive electronic circuitry from damage and false triggering due to electrical transients caused by lightning or other sources. Always provide a good earth ground. An 8' copper rod or metal cold-water pipe provides a sufficient earth ground.

When using **AC power**, connect the CS202 green common relay and earth ground wire to the operator.

When using **DC power**, connect the CS202 black power (–) wire and the operator's ground, common or power (–) lead to the earth ground.

Read the following list of tips prior to beginning the installation process. This will save significant time in the long run.

 The detector's sensitivity is a function of speed and mass. The detection distance for a moving, average size car or truck is approximately 12 feet at a speed of 5 mph. At higher speeds, detection distance can exceed 12 feet as noted below.

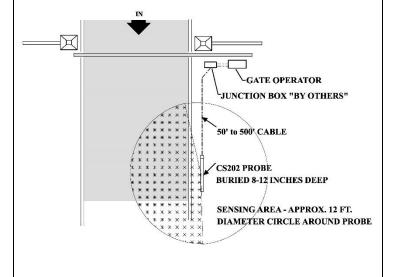
Size of Moving Vehicle	Speed	Detection Distance
Average size car or truck	5 mph min.	12'
Average size car or truck	10-50 mph	Greater than 12'
Large truck or semi-truck	Over 50 mph	Greater than 40'
Train	Any	100'

- The detector is sensitive to minute changes in the magnetic field around the probe.
 Power lines, transformers, and other electrical devices located in the vicinity of the probe that produce transients could cause disturbances in the magnetic field that may result in triggering the detector. Avoid installation of the probe near these devices.
- Do not install the probe or lead wire near or parallel to:
 - Low voltage lighting wires or in-ground power lines
 - Telephone lines or intercom systems
 - Electric motors or control relays
 - Overhead power lines, transformers or underground power lines
 - Cell phone towers, TV towers or communications links
 - Moving metal flagpoles, fences, gates or horses with metal shoes
- Do not mount on any moving surface, such as bridges or walkways that may vibrate under traffic.
 The probe must always be installed in such a way that it remains completely motionless.
 Any movement will cause the probe to trigger.
- Probes are available in various cable lengths, when possible select the appropriate cable length
 for the installation. If it is necessary to extend the cable length (maximum 900'), use a
 high-quality lead-in cable suitable for direct burial and a high quality, watertight cable splice
 to prevent moisture from entering the cable causing false triggering. Lead-in wire is available
 from EMX.
- When there is a high incidence of damage from burrowing animals or other potential damaging
 activities, it is recommended that the cable be placed in plastic conduit (1.5" internal diameter).
 Damage to the cable jacket may allow moisture to enter the cable causing false triggering. When
 placing the probe in plastic conduit, use foam or tape to assure that the probe does not move or
 vibrate. It is recommended that the conduit be sealed to prevent water from collecting in it.

Installation Methods

Adjacent to Roadway (Recommended Method)

1. Temporarily place the probe parallel to the roadway (driveway) in the desired location.



In a Roadway

1. Position the probe in the center of the roadway, perpendicular to the direction of traffic. The probe should be located at a minimum of 2" deep in concrete or asphalt.

TIP:

- If installing the probe prior to paving a hot asphalt roadway, the CS202 and its lead cable need to be insulated. A common method to do this would be to dig a small trench and bury the probe and lead cable in 4" of sand prior to paving. (DO NOT APPLY HOT ASPHAULT DIRECTLY AGAINST PROBE AND LEAD CABLE!)
- If installing the probe in concrete, make sure it is installed above the rebar.
- The probe may be positioned prior to paving or a cut may be made in the finished pavement for installation.
- 2. Connect the power, output relay contact and earth ground to the intended equipment. (Reference EARTH GROUND CONNECTION in <u>Wiring Connections</u>.)

 DO NOT EXCEED 41 VDC or 29 VAC.
- **3.** Apply power and allow 5 minutes of warm-up for system stabilization.
- **4.** Drive a vehicle at a minimum speed of 5 mph passed the probe and to the far side of the roadway. Upon detection of the moving vehicle, the output relay will energize for approximately 2 seconds. Verify that the CS202 has detected the moving vehicle.
- **5.** Bury the probe at this location approximately 8-12" deep for typical applications. Repeat the previous sensitivity check (step 4-5) to verify proper operation. Installation adjacent to roadway complete.
- **5.** Installation in roadway complete.

TIP:

For instances of high pedestrian traffic, heavy animals or heavy vehicles, bury the probe 24" deep to prevent false triggering in either installation method.

Troubleshooting

Symptom	Possible Cause	Solution
False triggering	Electrical disturbances Damaged probe cable Moisture in probe cable Movement in the probe's environment Dirty or noisy power supply Lightning	 Disconnect from operator power supply, temporarily connect the red and black wires to a 9 or 12V battery. Wait 5 minutes for the system to stabilize. If the false triggering stops, consider using a separate power supply for the CS202 such as a 120 VAC to 12 VDC power converter (min. 100 ma). Disconnect the relay wires and see if the false triggering continues. If the false triggering stops, switch the brown and green wires in the operator and/or add earth ground connection to COM input in operator. Verify that the earth ground is connected securely. If the connection is not secure, reconnect the earth ground and retest the system. Inspect the area around the probe to see if any ferrous metal objects may be subject to
		any movement. These may include fences, flagpoles, signs, etc. Other possible causes are electrical power lines, electric motors, invisible dog fences, low voltage lighting and high-power lighting.
No detection	No detection Minimum 5 mph	 Disconnect the output contacts from the operator.
	Bad wire connection	2. Connect a digital multi-meter, set to read
	Faulty power connection Failed relay	ohms, to the CS202 internal relay COM and NO contacts. The meter should read open (infinity). Move a metal tool over the length of the probe. Verify that the meter reads less than 10 ohms. If the meter reads more than 10 ohms, the CS202 is defective.
		3. Check the supply voltage using a digital multimeter. Verify the voltage is 9-41 VDC or 6-29 VAC. If voltage is present and there is still no detection, the CS202 is defective.

Warranty

EMX Industries, Inc. products have a warranty against defects in materials and workmanship for a period of two years from date of sale to our customer.